AICRJ STYLE SHEET

We follow *Chicago Manual of Style*, 16th (or 17th) edition using "Documentation I" style (see chapter 14).

Notes: All notes are endnotes and titles in the endnotes are capitalized.

 Φ Endnotes should be formatted **electronically (with automatic numbers)** and according to the *Chicago Manual of Style* (16th ed.). Notes should be single-spaced throughout; the first line should be indented, and the number should not be superscript. Add a period after each number.

 Φ To cite information from the Internet: Author's First and Last Name/Name of organization hosting site, "Title of Internet Site," publication dates, formatted digital object identifiers (DOI) or URL (http://www.addaddresshere.org), any revision dates. Only use your access dates (month/day/year) if other citation information is not available.

1. María de la Luz Inclán, "From the *¡Ya Basta! to the Caracoles*: Zapatista Mobilization under Transitional Conditions," *American Journal of Sociology* 113, no. 5 (2008): 1,316–50, https://doi.org/10.1086/525508.

2. PBS, "Warrior in Two Worlds," accessed July 11, 2005, http://www.pbs.org/warrior/index.html.

 Φ Citations of electronic journal articles **must include the permanent** *digital object identifier* (**DOI**) **number**, which journals usually place on an abstract, first page, or table of contents. Use the following format: **https://doi.org/** immediately followed by the number. Example: <u>https://doi.org/10.1629/22161</u>.

 Φ Subsequent notes should include author's name, shortened title, and page number. If the note immediately follows the same citation, use "Ibid." and the page number:

3. Blessing, Ojibway Indians Observed, 121.

4. Ibid., 133.

 Φ When a document is referred to repeatedly within the main text (parenthetical) a note should be inserted in the endnotes.

5. Noodles Smith, *Olive, as in Martini: A Novel about My Childhood* (New York: Dunn Write Publications, 2010); all subsequent references to *Olive, as in Martini* will be cited parenthetically in the text.

 Φ No internal citation except for page numbers when writing about literature, which appear in parentheses at the end of a sentence.

 Φ Note numbers appear at the end of a sentence, *outside* punctuation, or at the end of a clause.

 Φ We discourage in-text superscript numbers in headlines or subheads.

 Φ When giving pagination, do not use *p*. or *pp*. before page numbers.

Acknowledgments: If there are several acknowledgments, they should be listed under the heading "Acknowledgments" just before the notes section. Short acknowledgments that are extensive can be inserted as an *unnumbered endnote* before the first numbered note. Example:

I would like to thank all the little people who contributed to this magnificent work of exceptional scholarship and brain-numbing audacity. . . .

1. For a discussion on the first animal in the Midewiwin ritual see Michael M. Pomedli, "The Otter: Laughter and Treaty Three," in *Trente-deuxième Congrès des Algonquinistes* (Winnipeg: Université de Manitoba, 2001), 359–73.

2. Robert E. and Pat Ritzenthaler, *The Woodland Indians of the Western Great Lakes* (Garden City, NY: Natural History Press, 1970), 87.

3. Fred K. Blessing, *The Ojibway Indians Observed* (St. Paul: Minnesota Archaeological Society, 1977), 111; Julia Harrison, "'He Heard Something Laugh': Otter Imagery in the Midewiwin," *Bulletin of the Detroit Institute of Arts* 62, nos. 3–4 (1986): 51.

Heads

 Φ With some exceptions, articles should have subheads for ease of reading. Unless the article is in social science style (with an abstract, methodology, etc.), the article should never start with a subhead (e.g., no "Introduction"). The first paragraph after a subhead is not indented. <u>No endnotes are allowed on heads</u>. **A-level subheads** are ALL CAPS and centered (no bold). Do not indent first line after the title or after any subheads. **B-level subheads** are flush left, bold, upper- and lowercase.

 Φ **Epigraphs** are indented 1/2" from left margin and 1/2" from right margin. All epigraphs appear with the author's name (in roman type) and the title of the book (not the date or any other information), which are set flush right on the line beneath the epigraph quote. <u>No</u> endnotes are allowed on epigraphs. The author's name should be preceded by an em-dash (roman):

The individual as an entity is invalid.... The individual as the end product of heredity and environment is incomplete. Individualism is dead.

—Harry Gamboa, Urban Exile

Quotations

 Φ Prose quotations of 90 words or more (approx. 7–8 lines of 12 pt. Times New Roman font, 10– 11 lines of 12 pt. Courier New) should be extracts (blocked quotations indented 1/2" from left margin). The first paragraph of a block quotation is not indented; subsequent paragraphs are. Do not use ellipses at the beginning or end of a quotation.

 Φ When a quotation is "run in," combined into a sentence, it is fine to begin it with a lowercase letter even if the original begins with a capital letter or vice versa. No brackets are needed:

Franklin advises us to "plough deep while sluggards sleep." Franklin advised, "Plough deep while sluggards sleep."

 Φ More than two lines of poetry should be extracted. In-text poetry should have a space before and after the slash: My favorite haiku / is really kuhai

Capitalization of Words in Text

 Φ *AICRJ* house style includes capitalizing "Native," "Indigenous," and "Indigenous Peoples," whereas "indigeneity" (a concept) is not. Spell out the acronyms "AI," "AN" and "AI/AN" and use these terms as adjectives.

Some examples:

American Indian and Alaska Native communities (not "AI/ANs"). (*cap*) Many Natives live in the Southwest; many Indigenous people live in cities; Indigenous Peoples are attending the UN conference. (*no cap*) Scholarly formulations of indigeneity vary; Cuero is noted for her native plants.

Also consult the "Special Words" section on page 6 of this style guide.

 Φ Remember that *Chicago* prefers lowercase job titles unless they appear in front of a name. If an author has good reason to use a variant spelling or punctuation (e.g., uppercasing a historical period), it's fine. If it is simply a style issue, it should be changed for consistency.

Other Usages

 Φ Eliminate excessive parentheticals

 Φ Use *more than* in front of numbers or quantities; use *over* in front of terms such as *the course of*, *the next few years*, etc. "That is" implies only one example. Some words are treated specially: United States is spelled out as a noun, but is shortened to US as an adjective.

 Φ When identifying multiple tribal affiliations, use a slash: Spokane/Coeur D'Alene

Italics

 Φ Only rarely use italics for emphasis.

 Φ Use italics for foreign words. If a word can be found in an English dictionary, it should not be italicized. We italicize each instance of a foreign word, not just the first mention. Exception: proper nouns are not italicized.

 Φ Special terminology being introduced is set in italics on first appearance.

 Φ Words used as titles are set in italics except for a thesis or treatise ("Treatise of Bellydancing").

Books: A Sacred Path Movies: Skins Poem: "She Had Some Horses" (unless it is a book-length poem, as in The Wasteland) Painting: *El General* TV program: *Grand Street* Radio program: *All Things Considered*

Punctuation

AICRJ uses a serial comma and punctuation appears before the final quotation mark. A colon is used to introduce a formal statement, a speech in dialogue, or an extract. Other examples include:

The plane landed in Kampala, Uganda, that evening. Gilford's comment, "It appears to be damaged," was unexpected. The winners were France, 4; Germany, 5; Great Britain, 1. From 1968 to 1972 the plane had arrived intact at Washington, DC. Acronyms like NEH and AFL-CIO don't have periods; acronyms are defined at first mention.

Ellipses should be standardized: three dots with one space between for an omitted fragment; four dots, only the first of which has no space preceding it, when the ellipsis spans two sentences (see *Chicago* for other punctuation).

Plurals: One can omit the possessive apostrophe from organizations like carpenters unions, but be sure to include it in other proper nouns (e.g., Kansas's). Plurals of acronyms appear with lower cases (e.g., NGOs). Plurals of titles: two *Chicago Tribunes*, three *New York Times*.

Compound Words

Remember *Chicago's* rules concerning hyphenated and closed compounds. Do not use a hyphen before compound words including an adverb. Some examples:

Our early-twentieth-century poet, who was famous worldwide for his rhyme-making procedures and for always being a poorly attired scrounger, was an able-bodied sailor and a well-known crook. He had upper-class parents. He was an anti-Semitic, French Canadian, sixty-five-year-old man with a devil-may-care attitude. He was twenty-four years old when he started running in a little-known race in the late nineteenth century.

Numbers

 Φ Whole numbers from one through ninety-nine are spelled out, and round numbers above that are also spelled out (e.g., two thousand years), unless giving a percentage (e.g., 45 percent voted; 1.5 million people).

 Φ We show dates with the month first and the day second (e.g., October 6, 1924). We use the full decade in numerals (e.g., 1920s, not twenties).

 Φ The year should never appear abbreviated (always 1990, not '90). Use commas in all numbers over three digits (e.g., 1,000) except dates (1920).

 Φ We use *Chicago*'s abbreviated number style (e.g., 300–05, 306–09, 310–15, 325–27) with an en-dash; (see *Chicago* 9.60).

 Φ Numbered lists (in-text): Edgar Allen Poe was famous for three things: (1) his grilled cheese sandwiches; (2) his rendition of the song "You Light Up My Life"; and (3) his ability to stay up for days on end.

STYLES FOR FIGURES, MAPS, PHOTOS, AND TABLES

FIGURES

Call-outs

Indicate in body copy approximately where layout person should place figures or tables. Make sure the notations are large enough for the typesetter to see (bracketed, bold, all caps, etc.), as follows: **[INSERT FIG. 1 HERE]**.

Captions

Captions should include the following if applicable: Author or Artist Name, *Title*, Photographer's or Copyright Holder's Name (Source, Date). The author can provide captions for the figures separately, or include them beneath the call-out, preceded by a bracketed, uppercase, bold: **[CAPTION]**

References to figures are spelled out and in text but abbreviated in parenthetical references: "As we see in figure 1 . . ."; but "(see fig. 1)" or "(fig. 1)." Spell out and capitalize the term in captions. Captions are capped sentence style; figure number is bold, small caps, with period following; caption and courtesy line are italicized:

FIGURE 1. The Ke'pel Head Start facility on the Yurok Reservation in Northern California, originally published in Joe Blue, Songs That I Had to Learn in Kindergarten. Photo by T. Acker.

FIGURE 2. Map showing the geography of range management data development per BIA region. BIA Geographic Data Service Center Quarterly Reports (Lakewood, CO, 1992).

Electronic Images: See separate guidelines, which are sent to authors upon request.

MAPS/PHOTOS

Maps and photos are called *figures* and should be in the same style as figures.

TABLES

 Φ References to tables are as follows: "As we see in table 1 . . .," "(see table 1)," or "(table 1)."

 Φ Table number and title are centered, boldface, capped headline style, with no period but a hard line break following number:

Table 1Reported Indian Activities

 Φ For ordering and styling of table notes follow *The Chicago Manual of Style* (3.74–3.78).

IMAGE GUIDELINES FOR THE AMERICAN INDIAN CULTURE AND RESEARCH JOURNAL

- 1. Images should be in grayscale at 300 dpi. They should be approximately the print size (e.g., an 8x10 print should be scanned at 4x5 for a full-column image).
- 2. Preferred file formats are .tif or .jpg at maximum quality compression. If submitting an image as a .pdf, ensure that the embedded fits these guidelines.
- 3. We will make adjustments to the highlight and shadow values for optimal print quality.
- 4. For images created in Illustrator or other vector programs, save as .eps or .ai. We can make any changes to these files as necessary. For images created in Photoshop or other raster-image programs, follow above guidelines as to format and resolution, and save as grayscale. For images created and/or embedded in Word, Excel, etc., save as .eps if possible, or .pdf. These images can be problematic and should be avoided, but pie charts, etc. are often created this way. Often they must be recreated by us in Illustrator, but as they sometimes import successfully in the native format, we can try to work with them if necessary. However, these images are often captured screen shots that are embedded in Word, and therefore are extremely low resolution. Check with your editor before attempting to incorporate these in your article.
- 5. Provide captions for all figures, maps, and photos, including the following if applicable: Author or Artist Name, Title, Photographer's Name (Source/Copyright holder, Date).

SPECIAL WORDS

For general spellings use *Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary* (11th ed.). When variant spellings are listed here, use the variant spelling. Add any problematic or special spellings at the end of this list.

A

AI/AN or AIAN [spell out/ adjectives] Abnaki Aboriginal (Canada) Acjachemen adviser agency Alaska Native Algonquian Anishinaabe(g) Arapaho archaeology Arctic (as region) arctic (as adjective) Assiniboine Athabaskan at-large elections

B

band: this band; Parch Band Battle of Little Bighorn Beauty Way (Navajo) benefited black (white) Blackfeet/Blackfeets (US) Blackfoot/Blackfoots (Canada) Blade (racial) bona fide Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)

C

cacique catalog ceremony: Green Corn Ceremony chapter 2 Christian right civil rights movement confederacy (league) Iroquois Confederacy Creator Creole

D

database data set Washington, DC: as per *Chicago* decision making de-emphasize Deganaweda-Quetzelquatl University department: English Department dialogue Diné doctrine of discovery

E

elder(s) e-mail Eskimo (change to Inuit) et al. Euro-American Eurocentric

F

female seminaries fieldwork field-worker figure 1 (see fig. 2) First Nations (Canada) firsthand (when used as adjective) fund-raising

G

gan General Assistance Ghost Dance goodbye or good-bye Great Spirit groundbreaking

Η

High Country High Plains

I

Indigenous Indigenous Peoples Iñupiaq Iroquois League (Confederacy) Indian country Indian nation(s) Indian self-determination Indian studies Indian Territory (in historical articles) Indian Wars indigeneity Internet Inuit (not Eskimo)

Ĩ

Jump Dance

K

kachina (roman text) kilogram(s) (write out numeral) kilometers (write out each time) Kootenai Kumeyaay

L

largess(e) the league (confederacy) lesser-known noun lifestyle lifeways long-standing long-term longtime (when used as adjective)

Μ

male seminaries manifest destiny Mashantucket Pequot Métis mind-set Minneconjou Mission Indians mixed blood (n.); mixed-blood (adj.) Mohegan monologue

Muscogee

Ν

nation-state Native (when referring to Indian persons, things); native (when referring to food, peoples) Native American Navajo Nation (when preceded by tribe name) Nez Perce Nunavut (formerly part of the Northwest Territories)

0

Oglala Ojibwa-Canada (Chippewa-US) Okay the Other

P

pan-Indianism people: Hopi people peoples: Native peoples PhD placemaking place-name Plains policymaker postcontact pot-hunting pothunter powwow precolonial precontact present-day professor of anthropology Public Law (PL)

R

rancheria Redman Removal reservation (lowercase "r" unless part of name, e.g., Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Reservation)

S

secondhand (when used as adjective) Senate Bill 70 = S. 70 Shoshone Snake ceremony Social Security Southwest (region) spirit beings storyteller/storytelling subagency subarctic Sun Dance

Т

table 1 termination policy tipi Tohono O'odham tribal (Rosebud tribal council) tribe (Rosebud tribe) tribal chair Tribal chair Jane Smith trickster twofold two-spirit

U

under way (adverb) underway (adjective) University of Yahoo–Bolivar: use an en dash for university names US (no periods); legal and congressional citations: 31 U.S. 543

V

vis-à-vis

W

warbonnet war on poverty Washington, DC website well-being white (black) winter ceremonies winter count world-system (as an adjective) worldview World Wide Web; the Web Wounded Knee massacre Wyandot western Europe Western thought (only when counterposed to indigenous or Eastern thought) West, the (as region)

Y

Yakama (river and valley spelled Yakima)

Z Zuni